





Coimisinéir um Fhaisnéis Comhshaoil Commissioner for Environmental Information



An Coimisiún um Cheapacháin Seirbhíse Poiblí Commission for Public Service Appointments





2018 CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FRAMEWORK REVIEW

June 2018

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Foreword

Corporate Governance is defined as the system, principles and processes by which organisations are directed and controlled. The principles underlying corporate governance are based on managing the organisation with integrity and fairness, being transparent, making all the necessary disclosures and complying with relevant legislation. Good governance facilitates efficient and effective management that translates into value and excellent customer service for our various stakeholders.

This document sets out how the Office of the Ombudsman, the Office of the Information Commissioner (incorporating the Office of the Commissioner for Environmental Information), the Standards in Public Office Commission and the Commission for Public Service Appointment operate. These four Offices, referred to collectively as the 'Office' throughout the document, each carry out separate and distinct statutory functions.

This Office is committed to best practice structures, processes and systems that support the successful operation of duties in an ethical, accountable, transparent and effective manner. We firmly believe that good corporate governance is essential in order to support the delivery of the Office's strategic priorities. In documenting governance arrangements our stakeholders can be assured that good governance policies and practices are embedded in the culture of the Office.

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Peter Tyndall

Ombudsman & Information Commissioner

Jacqui Mc Crum

Director General

1. Office Overview

Roles of the Offices

This document covers the Office of the Ombudsman, the Office of the Information Commissioner (OIC), the Office of the Commissioner for Environmental Information (OCEI), the Standards in Public Office Commission (SIPOC) and the Commission for Public Service Appointments (CPSA). The five Offices each carry out separate and distinct statutory functions. Nonetheless they function as a single amalgamated agency under one Vote and one Accounting Officer and a management team which manages the Office, while simultaneously protecting and preserving the statutory independence and functions of each of the constituent parts. Each Office has its own staff complement but the finance, human resources, legal, communications and information technology functions are shared.

The Office of the Ombudsman is primarily concerned with considering individual complaints regarding certain public service providers, and seeking individual redress where appropriate and securing improvements to public services. Its governing legislation is the Ombudsman Act, 1980 (as amended). The Office also examines complaints about failures by public service providers to provide accessible buildings, services and information, as required under Part 3 of the Disability Act, 2005.

The OIC's functions relate to the Freedom of Information (FOI) Act, 2014, by carrying out independent reviews of decisions taken by public bodies on FOI requests. Under the Access to Information on the Environment Regulations, the OCEI reviews appeals taken by members of the public, who are not satisfied with the outcome of their requests to public authorities for environmental information.

The focus of the SIPOC secretariat is oversight of Ethics and Electoral legislation, the spirit of which is to ensure accountability and high standards in Irish public life. It has a supervisory role under the Ethics in Public Office Act 1995, (as amended) by the Standards in Public Office Act 2001, (the Ethics Acts), the Electoral Act 1997, (as amended), (the Electoral Acts), the Oireachtas (Ministerial and Parliamentary Offices) (Amendment) Act 2014, (the Parliamentary Activities Act).

The Regulation of Lobbying Act, 2015, provides for a web-based Register of Lobbying to make information available to the public on the identity of those communicating with designated public

officials on specific policy, legislative matters or prospective decisions. In its role as Regulator of Lobbying, SIPOC oversees the implementation of the register, monitors compliance, provides guidance and assistance and where necessary investigates and pursues breaches of legal requirements.

The CPSA is responsible for regulating recruitment and appointment processes in the public sector. It was established by the Public Service Management (Recruitment and Appointments) Act, 2004 and is bound by law to ensure that recruitment and selection is carried out by fair, open, inclusive and merit-based means.

The Office also provides a secretariat to the Referendum Commission, when established. This was established for the referendum on the regulation of the termination of pregnancy to be held on 25th May 2018. The Commission is an independent body and its main functions are to explain the subject matter of referendum proposals, promote public awareness of a referendum and to encourage people to vote. It is funded by the Vote of the sponsoring Department.

More detailed information regarding the workings of each Office can be found in the 'About' section of their respective websites - Office of the Ombudsman, Office of the Information Commissioner, Office of the Commissioner for Environmental Information, Standards in Public Office Commission, Regulation of Lobbying, Commission for Public Service Appointments and the Referendum Commission.

The public services landscape is constantly evolving and therefore this Framework will be treated as a dynamic document, which will be updated regularly bearing in mind related circulars and associated guidance.

Values, Behaviours and Culture

Our vision is 'A public service that is fair, open, accountable and effective'. Our focus is on extending the impact of our Office on the wider public service, on continuously improving the level of services we provide, and ensuring that our systems and processes allow us to deliver on those objectives. In order to successfully deliver on our objectives we promote a positive culture of ethical behaviour and effective governance.

Our values, set out below, underpin our strategic objectives and help to shape the way in which we deliver our services:

Independence - We will examine complaints, conduct reviews, and make decisions in a fair, objective, and impartial manner.

Customer Focus - We aim for excellence and professionalism in the delivery of our services. We will meet defined quality standards and continuously review our performance to ensure that the customer remains at the heart of everything we do.

Fairness - Treating all people with respect, dignity and fairness is fundamental to our relationships with all of our stakeholders. It also contributes to a healthy work environment that promotes engagement, openness and transparency.

Empathy - We understand that our customers generally avail of our services having exhausted all other avenues open to them. We will listen carefully to our customers with a view to understanding and being sensitive to their concerns.

Innovation - We will deliver continuous performance improvements and avail of best practice methods for delivering a first class service and in doing so enhance confidence in public service delivery.

The Ombudsman and Information Commissioner (currently one person), is appointed by the President on the nomination of the Oireachtas, for a fixed contract period. He is also a member of the Commission for SIPOC, CPSA and the Referendum Commission, when established. All other staff in the Office are civil servants of the State.

Staff Appointments

On appointment each staff member is given a copy of the Circular 7/98, which sets out the obligations of civil servants in respect of secrecy and integrity in the performance of official duties. Staff also receive a copy of both the <u>Civil Service Code of Standards and Behaviour</u> and the Office Code of Standards and Behaviour, which illustrates the behaviour expected of staff under the Civil Service Code. They certify that they have read and understood these three documents as they form a part of their terms and conditions of their service.

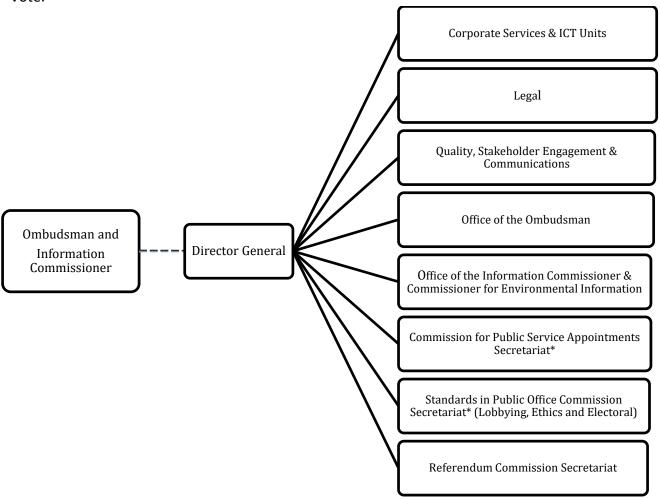
Staff are also provided with the <u>Civil Service Disciplinary Code</u>, <u>Dignity at Work</u> (the civil service antibullying, harassment and sexual harassment policy), the Office Health and Safety statement and our Protected Disclosure and Clear Desk policies. The documents are covered via staff induction, which also incorporates a module regarding Office values, behaviours and ethics.

Customer Service

The Office is committed to providing all of our clients with a high standard of service in accordance with the principles of Quality Customer Service approved by Government. We provide services to a wide range of clients, including individual complainants and their representatives, elected representatives such as TDs, Senators and Local Authority members, members of the media, Public Service Providers, and many voluntary and representative bodies and organisations. Details of our customer service policies are available in the 'Customer Service' section of the respective office websites.

Organisation Structure

As set out earlier in this document, the Office consists of a number of bodies with distinct statutory functions, whose activities are overseen by a Management Team (see Section 3) and funded by one Vote.



*The Office of the Ombudsman provides services to the Standards in Public Office Commission and the Commission for Public Services Appointments in the form of a secretariat and other shared services. The Director General is the Accounting Officer for both statutory functions. The Secretariats report to the members of each Commission on decisions and to the Director General for other matters.



^{*}The Director General/Director of the CPSA are the same person.

Strategic Planning, Decision Making & Performance Management

The Offices of the Ombudsman and Information Commissioner published a revised Strategic Statement in 2016, in which three high level objectives were identified as primary enablers in the achievement of their vision, as follows:

- We will drive improvements in the wider public service
- We will deliver a customer focused service that reflects our core values
- We will develop and enhance our management and administrative frameworks to enable and underpin our objectives of improving the wider public service and delivering an excellent customer focused service

A separate strategic statement exists for the <u>CPSA</u>. While the plan is concerned only with the Offices of the <u>Ombudsman</u> and <u>Information Commissioner</u> (incorporating the OCEI), given the sharing of staff across all four Offices, in accordance with the needs and priorities of each Office, many aspects of this plan are clearly relevant to all staff. The statement also identified organisational values, as set out on page 6 of this document.

Business Planning

Each area of the Office is required annually to produce a Business Plan, which set out the key outputs that will be delivered in order to achieve the objectives of the Strategic Plans. The plans are reviewed on a quarterly basis by the Management Team. Formal progress updates are also provided to all staff on a biannual basis.

Annual Reports

Annual Reports are prepared by each Office, under the appropriate legislation, and laid before the Houses of the Oireachtas. The reports review the business progress of the preceding year and outline significant Office developments and achievements

Irish Language Scheme

All divisions of the Office seek to ensure that they provide a high quality service to Irish language speakers. In this regard the service provided by the Office of the Information Commissioner and the Office of the Ombudsman is underpinned by a Language Scheme (2016-2019) under the terms of the Official Languages Act 2003.

Internal Communications Arrangements

Good internal communication is vital to the successful operation of the Office and to ensure that staff goals are aligned to the organisational aims. The overall objectives of the strategy are to:

- Foster a strong communication culture within the Office by creating a flow of information up,
 down and across the organisation
- Develop a culture where managers and staff feel motivated and empowered to make a contribution to the organisation, and where communication and sharing of knowledge is seen as a joint responsibility

In achieving the objectives it will ensure that:

- 1. Staff are well informed, and have the information to carry out their jobs efficiently and effectively
- 2. Staff are encouraged to put forward their views and concerns
- 3. Staff are actively involved in planning and decision making
- 4. Relevant information is communicated to the appropriate people, in the appropriate manner and at the appropriate time
- 5. Everyone understands the Office's objectives and values, and shares in its culture. Staff are actively supported and challenged to deliver on their ambitions and that of the Office
- 6. An environment of openness, honesty, consistency and clarity of communication is created
- 7. Staff, regardless of their location,(e-workers, part time and those on extended leave), are kept informed of what is going on in the office
- 8. Staff receive feedback on their work and development needs are addressed
- 9. There are clear channels for communication (including intranet, newsletter, team meetings)

In order to support and encourage strong internal communication the Office ensures that staff are kept fully informed through regular intranet updates, it also provides bi-annual staff updates regarding progress in respect of the Strategic Plan, produces a quarterly staff newsletter and has an active Partnership Committee. The Office also engages fully in the PMDS process, which supports good communication between staff, line managers and senior management. It clarifies issues such as work goals and progress on achieving them, and also offers a way for staff to identify training needs.

Engagement with External Stakeholders

Our Office proactively engages with public service providers and external agencies and endeavours to foster good working relationships with all stakeholders. We acknowledge the importance of two way communication in order to progress matters of importance. The Office shares guidance material to bodies and members of the public on a regular basis. It also produces explanatory information leaflets regarding its role in various sectors such as Health or Education, in addition to general information material, for example, frequently asked questions on all areas of work. The documents are available on our websites and are also distributed to relevant service providers.

Office of the Ombudsman

The Office of the Ombudsman produces a quarterly 'Casebook', which summarises case outcomes and can serve as a learning / research tool for public service providers. It also has an active Outreach programme and has allocated resources to a dedicated Quality, Stakeholder Engagement and Communications Unit that is led by the Head of Communications.

The Ombudsman also engages with the Joint Committee on Finance, Public Expenditure and Reform, and Taoiseach in respect of his Annual Report, on-going issues of major importance to the Office as well as his vision for the future of the Office of the Ombudsman. In turn the relevant Select Committee has a role in ensuring that the Ombudsman's criticisms and recommendations in respect of public service providers, are acted upon.

Where the relevant Select Committee does not consider an Ombudsman report, or a portion or portions thereof, within two months of the report being laid before either or both Houses of the Oireachtas the Joint Committee on Public Petitions shall proceed to consider the Ombudsman report or any portions thereof not considered by the relevant Select Committee.

Office of the Information Commissioner

As well as publishing all review decisions on its website, the OIC publishes guidance notes in respect of the Freedom of Information exemptions so that stakeholders and decision makers are aware of the Commissioner's approach. Procedures Manuals are also published on the websites. Investigators and other staff regularly contribute to workshops and training events run by public bodies and others.

The OIC engages with the Department of Public Expenditure and Reform on matters relating to FOI legislation and the OCEI with the Department of the Environment, Community and Local Government on the Access to Environmental Information (AIE) regime and the Aarhus Convention. The OCEI also presents to training events for public authorities and to academic and legal seminars on the Commissioner's role in AIE.

Standards in Public Office Commission

The Standards in Public Office Commission publishes statutory guidelines for persons and organisations who have obligations under the Ethics in Public Office Acts 1995 and 2001 (the Ethics Acts), the Electoral Act 1997, (as amended), and legislation providing for the Parliamentary Activities Allowance.

The Commission also provides briefing sessions to Oireachtas members, public bodies, political parties, candidates and election agents about their statutory obligations. The Commission engages with relevant Oireachtas Committees regarding proposed legislation and also with the Select Committees on Members' Interests who have similar functions to those of the Commission under the Ethics Acts.

The Commission's approach as the Regulator of Lobbying has been to assist compliance with the Regulation of Lobbying Act through information and guidance. In addition to answering a high volume of stakeholder queries, it ran a significant national advertising campaign in order to promote awareness of the Act and its obligations. It has continued to carry out an extensive outreach programme in 2017, speaking at numerous events across the country and hosting open house information sessions. Its <u>website</u> contains a wide array of guidance material, FAQs and information videos that are tailored for members of the public, lobbyists and public bodies.

<u>Commission for Public Service Appointments</u>

The Commission for Public Service Appointments (CPSA) publishes its audit reports on its website. It also maintains a casebook which sets out the CPSA's position on the most common complaints it receives on the conduct of recruitment and selection processes. In addition, the CPSA's annual reports, statement of strategy and FAQs are available on the website.

We recognise that the way in which our customers interact with the Office has changed given the improvements in technology and the internet is now a vital and immediate communications resource. Our Strategic Initiatives strive to capitalise on this and aim to both improve the efficiency of our daily activities whilst also simplifying our customers' experience of public services. Our websites are the most important information resource available to the Office to provide information on our various roles in an easily accessible way to a widespread and diverse audience.

Referendum Commission

The Referendum Commission organises a national multi-media campaign for each referendum and distributes an Independent Guide on each referendum to every house in the country. The Chair of the Commission gives TV and radio interviews on each referendum informing voters on the subject matter of each referendum and explaining the Commission's role. It publishes the Guide, media content, its post-referendum report and other referendum related information on its website. The Commission Secretariat deal with queries (primarily by telephone and email) from the public on each referendum.

2. Senior Management Roles & Assignment of Responsibilities

Good corporate governance is a vital element of an effective Management Team, whose role is to set goals and targets, develop strategy and establish policies that will enable the Office to successfully achieve its strategic objectives and maintain a strong performance.

Role of the Ombudsman and Information Commissioner/ Commissioner for Environmental Information

The Ombudsman and Information Commissioner (currently one person), is appointed by the President on the nomination of the Oireachtas, for a fixed contract period. He is also a member of the Commission for SIPOC, CPSA and the Referendum Commission, when established. The Ombudsman is independent in the performance of his functions.

Ombudsman

The Ombudsman's primary role is to examine complaints regarding the administrative actions of public service providers and to determine whether or not the actions have resulted in maladministration and adverse affect. He also seeks to drive improvements in the wider public sector. Normally investigations are commenced on foot of a complaint but the Ombudsman also has the power to carry out own initiative investigations, without having received a specific complaint. In addition to enabling trends in maladministration across a particular sector to be addressed in a single investigation, own initiative investigations also allow the Ombudsman to bring to public attention matters of significant public interest.

Following an investigation of a complaint against a public service provider, the Ombudsman will make a finding. If the complaint is upheld the Ombudsman may make a recommendation to that public service provider aimed at rectifying the maladministration that occurred. The Ombudsman may also make that recommendation to other public service providers if he considers that it would be beneficial for them to also act on it.

The Ombudsman engages with the Joint Committee on Finance, Public Expenditure and Reform, and Taoiseach in respect of his Annual Report. Select Committees with oversight of the relevant sector have a role in ensuring that the Ombudsman's criticisms and recommendations in respect of public service providers, are acted upon in respect of investigation reports relating to their sector. Where the relevant Select Committee does not consider an Ombudsman report, or a portion or portions thereof, within two months of the report being laid before either or both Houses of the Oireachtas the Joint Committee on Public Petitions shall proceed to consider the Ombudsman report or any portions thereof not considered by the relevant Select Committee.

The Ombudsman also examines complaints under the Disability Act, 2005. The Act imposes significant obligations on public service providers to work proactively towards the improvement of the quality of life of people with disabilities. A complaint can be made to the Ombudsman regarding a public body's failure to comply with Part 3 of the Disability Act. Specifically, the Ombudsman may investigate complaints about access by people with disabilities to public buildings, services and information.

Information Commissioner / Commissioner for Environmental Information

The Information Commissioner is also independent in carrying out his duties. Decisions of the Information Commissioner are binding and only appealable to the High Court on a point of law. The Freedom of Information Act, 2014 provides the Commissioner with significant powers to allow him to carry out his function of reviewing the decisions of bodies under remit. If he considers a decision to be inadequate, he may, under Section 23, require that a new one be issued.

Under Section 45, the Commissioner may also require any person who he considers has information relevant to a case or investigation to provide it to the Office. Furthermore, the Commissioner may require the person to attend before him to present the information. He can enter any premises occupied by a body under remit and require any person found on the premises to provide documents which he may copy and retain for a reasonable period.

Anyone who hinders the Commissioner in the performance of his review or investigative functions is guilty of an offence and, in accordance with Section 45, may have a fine imposed or be imprisoned for a term not more than 6 months.

The Office of the Commissioner for Environmental Information was established by the Access to Information on the Environment Regulations, 2007. The role of the Commissioner is to decide on appeals by members of the public who are not satisfied with the outcome of their requests to public authorities for environmental information.

Specifically, the Regulations provide that the Commissioner can review decisions of public authorities, and in accordance with law, the Commissioner can make binding decisions on access to environmental information.

Role of the Director General / Accounting Officer

The Director General is the Accounting Officer and a member of the Civil Service. She has line management responsibility for all staff in the Office. A management team of officers at Principal Officer level operate as Heads of Business Units.

As Accounting Officer she is personally responsible for the safeguarding of public funds and property under her control; for the regularity and propriety of all the transactions in each Appropriation Account bearing her signature; and for the efficiency and economy of administration in her Office. The Civil Service Head of the Office administering the Vote is normally appointed Accounting Officer on the premise that they alone are in a position to discharge responsibility for the money entrusted to the Office, for the use made of its resources and for control of the assets in its keeping, such as land, buildings, stores, equipment or other property.

In addition to the above and, as Accounting Officer, while she can put in place arrangements to assist with the aspects of the following governance obligations, she cannot delegate accountability to subordinate officers. These obligations are as follows:

- Preparation and presentation of Appropriation Accounts
- Accounting Officer for Vote 19
- Supply a Statement of Internal Financial Control to the Comptroller and Auditor General with the Annual Appropriation Account
- Appearance before Public Accounts Committee
- Putting in place an Internal Audit Unit
- Establishing an Audit and Risk Committee
- Approval of the award of major contracts

The Accounting Officer appears before the Public Accounts Committee to deal with issues arising from reports by the Comptroller and Auditor General and other matters relating to the activities of the Office that the Committee may wish to discuss.

3. Management Team & other Governance Structures

Management Team

The Management Team is an executive and advisory forum that brings together the Ombudsman and Information Commissioner, the Director General and the Heads of Business Units to co-operate in the leadership and management of the various Offices. By taking collegiate responsibility for cross-organisational issues, the Management Team balances the individual Office responsibilities of its members with their corporate responsibility as a Senior Management team. The remit of the Management Team is to oversee operations and deliver on strategic plans for all of the Offices. Its role is set out in more detail below.

Membership

The Management Team (see Organisation Structure, page 8 and Appendix 1) consists of the Ombudsman, Director General and Principal Officers with responsibility for Corporate Services, ICT, Legal, Quality, Stakeholder Engagement and Communications, SIPOC, OIC, OCEI, Ombudsman and CPSA and the Referendum Commission, when established.

Roles of the Management Team

The responsibilities of the Team are specifically to:

- Support in the development and delivery of Strategic and Business Plans
- Agree the priority of Office activities to ensure the most effective and efficient use of resources
- Evaluate financial and activity performance against agreed key outputs / targets to ensure effectiveness of financial and management controls
- Proactively identify threats and opportunities in the risk environment, review and manage existing
 risks and ensure that the risk register is updated accordingly
- Manage and monitor the effectiveness of policies and procedures in the Office

- Consider the implications of recommendations of the Audit and Risk Committee and ensure appropriate actions are taken
- Ensure Office projects deliver optimum output and effectiveness through appropriate allocation of resources
- Encourage and promote innovation throughout Office activities
- Foster effective team working across the range of Office functions to ensure optimum efficiency and effectiveness
- Promote working methods and conduct that reflect the core values of the Office

Meetings

Meetings are held every month, apart from the month of August. There is no set quorum for Management Team meetings, but they are unlikely to proceed with fewer than five members present. Dates are set in January and members must aim to attend all meetings.

Standing items for the agenda are as follows:

- Review of actions from previous Management Team meeting
- Business update reports from each Office
- Monthly Finance report
- Reports on performance of Business Plan
- Quarterly reports on Office Risk Register
- Main messages /summary for staff

Additional items are also scheduled into the work programme as appropriate.

Reporting

Decisions and key points raised at meetings are formally recorded. Key messages from the meeting are circulated to all staff immediately after the meeting with full minutes circulated to all staff, once agreed. Management Team members also provide an update to their staff at team meetings, which are scheduled as soon as is practicable after the meeting takes place.

Committees

The Management Team is responsible for the oversight of Office business activities and the delivery of strategic plans. However, it is necessary to delegate responsibility for particular tasks or projects to Office committees, who report back on progress to the Management Team. Details of the main Office committees are set out briefly below.

Partnership Committee

The Partnership Committee plays an integral role in the development of the partnership process between staff of the Office, union representatives and management through the facilitation of effective engagement between the various parties. The role of the Committee, having due regard to the interests of the Office and its staff, is to provide a voice for staff on Office matters, to assist with the implementation of change, and to complement, where appropriate, existing industrial relations mechanisms.

The Committee membership consists of the Director General, two representatives from Senior Management, a representative from each of the three Unions and four staff representatives. The role of Secretary is a designated position, which is reviewed every two years. The role of Chairperson rotates every two meetings.

Meetings are held on a quarterly basis. Union and staff representatives are responsible for issuing the Committee agenda to the staff that they represent in advance of meetings and also for seeking any comments or issues on items for discussion under the 'open forum'. Union and staff representatives must also ensure that the minutes of the meeting are communicated effectively to those staff members once the minutes are issued and within two days of the meeting taking place.

Health and Safety Committee

The overall responsibility for the establishment and maintenance of an effective policy for Safety, Health and Welfare at Work rests with the Director General. She is supported in this responsibility by the Health and Safety Officer (Head of Corporate Services and ICT) and the Health and Safety Committee. The Committee's main role is to advise and assist management and staff on health and safety matters. Meetings are held four times per year (or more frequently should a health and safety

related emergency arise). Its membership is represented by staff of the business units, who select their Health and Safety representatives and it may also include one agreed union representative.

The Committee's main functions are to:

- Act as a conduit for confidential two-way exchange of information between management and employees in relation to matters of safety, health and welfare
- Provide support and guidance to the Health and Safety Officer
- Consider and make recommendations on matters of general health, safety and welfare
- Make recommendations on amendments to the Safety Statement
- Review accident/incident statistics and make recommendations
- Consider methods of promoting health and safety within the Office

Quality Assessment Team

The Office of the Ombudsman has a dedicated Quality Assessment team in place that reviews cases in respect of complaints received under the Ombudsman Act, 1980 (as amended) against set quality standards. The work of the team supports the Office's second Strategic Objective for 2016 -2018 in respect of 'Customer Focus' i.e. we aim for excellence in the delivery of our services by meeting defined quality standards and continuously reviewing our performance to ensure the customer remains at the heart of everything we do. The Director General or one of the Ombudsman Senior Investigators attend each meeting.

The team consists of a mix of Senior Investigators and case workers at Higher Executive Officer and Investigator level. Meetings are held on a monthly basis. The team identifies and suggests solutions to process issues arising from the quality audit process in order to continually improve the service provided by the Office to the public.

Project Board

In 2015, the Office undertook an in depth review of its IT infrastructure and systems and identified scope for significant improvements that will enable and underpin the organisation's strategic objectives. The Office has committed to develop and implement new case and document management systems that will support the delivery of an effective and efficient service.

The document management system was rolled out in 2017 and the case management system is due to complete the rollout of this project during 2018. A new content management system to include new websites, an online portal and an intranet facility has been developed which will simplify and increase options available to all our stakeholders for interacting with the Office.

Relevant IT infrastructure and hardware to support the new systems have been introduced. Business needs, strategic alignment and risk analysis exercises were carried out in the project planning phase. Business Continuity plans were also revised to account for the new systems.

The project is being overseen by a Project Board, represented by the Ombudsman/Information Commissioner, the Director General and members of the Management Team. The Board meets every month and it is responsible for approving all key decisions. The Project Leadership Team consists of senior staff members and a dedicated Project Manager, who was assigned to the role on a full-time basis given the complexity of the various elements of the project. The Project Team is made up of the Leadership Team and staff from the various business units of the Office. The Project Team holds meetings as required.

Operations Review Group

The purpose of the Operations Review Group is to consider and decide on issues regarding the operational activities of the Office of the Ombudsman in order to facilitate the effective delivery of the Office's Strategic Objectives, together with overseeing the implementation of any change management in the organisation.

The group consists of the Director General (Chair), the Heads of Examinations Unit, Head of Assessment Unit, Head of Enquiries Unit. The Head of Corporate Services and Head of IT attend meetings as required by the agenda or as a result of items on the Commitment Log. The Head of Quality, Stakeholder Engagement and Communications similarly attends as required by the agenda or Commitment Log but also provides feedback to the Group regarding casework standards following the monthly Quality Assessment meeting. Other staff may be invited to attend meetings in relation to matters pertaining to their roles and responsibilities.

Meetings are held on a monthly basis. However, members may convene additional meetings as considered necessary. Regular agenda items are set out below:

- Commitment Log review The log is a record of actions committed to, the owners of the
 actions, resource allocated to the actions and progress to date. It is maintained by the
 Facilitator.
- Casework Statistics Figures regarding invalid and valid cases and the associated processing times are reviewed in order to identify trends, analyse throughput and facilitate effective decision making and resource allocation.
- Monthly Quality Report –The Office of the Ombudsman has a dedicated team in place that
 reviews cases against set quality standards. The Head of QSEC updates the group following
 the monthly Quality Assessment meeting.

Other Committees

Depending on business needs, other committees/working groups are established e.g. working group reviewing our requirements under the General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR) and Section 42 of the Irish Human Rights and Equality Commission Act 2014.

4. Audit, Risk, Assurance & Compliance Arrangements

Accounting Officer – Audit and Risk responsibilities

The Accounting Officer has specific responsibilities for the internal audit function. In accordance with Public Financial Procedures and Internal Audit Standards, she:

- approves the written Charter of the Internal Audit Unit
- ensures the independence of the Unit
- agrees the planned work schedule for the Unit with the Audit and Risk Committee
- reviews the internal audit function to ensure that it is getting the desired quality of assurance
- ensures appropriate follow-up action is taken on internal audit reports
- ensures that a programme of staff training and development is in place for staff involved in internal audit and
- establishes appropriately resourced Audit and Risk Committees.

Role of the Audit and Risk Committee

The Audit and Risk Committee is part of the Office's control environment. It is responsible for providing independent advice to the Accounting Officer regarding the suitability and robustness of the Office's internal control systems and procedures, including the operations and development of the internal audit function, the business control and risk management environment and the relationship with external audit. The Accounting Officer appoints the membership of the Committee, which comprises of an Independent Chair, one Office official and two external representatives from other public service offices. The Head of the Finance Unit and the Internal Auditor, although not members of the Committee, may attend Committee meetings. In addition, the External Auditor to the Audit and Risk Committee may attend Committee meetings.

The Audit and Risk Committee is not responsible for any executive function and is not vested with any executive power. The Committee Charter is agreed between the Accounting Officer and the Audit and Risk Committee. The Committee is independent in the performance of its functions.

It is authorised to seek any information or documents, which are relevant to matters falling within its terms of reference. An annual report reviewing the Audit and Risk Committee's operations is prepared for the Accounting Officer and submitted within three months following year end. The report includes:

- an assessment on the work of the Internal Audit Unit
- the supports provided to the Audit and Risk Committee
- a self-assessment of the Audit and Risk Committee's own effectiveness
- confirmation that a review of this written charter has been completed at a frequency agreed between Accounting Officer and Chairperson

The Audit and Risk Committee will follow up on any recommendations from the Accounting Officer arising from this report, or in the course of other interactions.

Role of the Internal Audit Unit

The role of the Internal Audit Unit is to provide assurance to the Accounting Officer on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Office's systems of:

- internal controls,
- risk management and
- governance arrangements.

It also has a role in providing assurance that the Office has systems and procedures in place to discharge Value for Money (VFM) responsibilities. Its activity covers the whole network of the Office's systems. The Unit may also act, as required, in an advisory capacity to projects under development to ensure the adequacy of control measures. It conducts its work in accordance with the International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing (IIA Standards), guidelines from the Department of Public Expenditure and Reform and the Corporate Governance Standard for the Civil Service (December 2015).

The Head of the Internal Audit Unit reports to the Audit and Risk Committee on a regular basis in the context of the Annual Audit Work Plan, and as requested by the Accounting Officer / Committee. The Head communicates and interacts directly with the Audit and Risk Committee at meetings.

S/he also communicates with Committee Members between meetings as appropriate. The Head of the Internal Audit Unit works under the general direction of the Accounting Officer to whom s/he has direct access. The Audit and Risk Committee, in consultation with the Accounting Officer, formulates, reviews and monitors the three year, annual rolling Audit Plan. The internal auditor prepares the draft plan, which may be influenced by:

- the Office's Risk Management Process and Risk Register
- inputs from Office managers
- the views of the Accounting Officer, the Audit and Risk Committee or the External Auditor
- other topical issues that may arise from time to time

External Auditors

External audit services are engaged by the Office in order to obtain independent opinion regarding the adequacy of and compliance with internal controls and systems. The Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General is responsible for the annual audit of the Office's accounts under Vote 19.

Role of the Finance Unit

The role of the Finance Unit is the overall management of the financial affairs of the Office. Key elements of this role include:

- negotiating and co-ordinating budgets in respect of the administrative costs of the Office
- recording all payments and receipts in compliance with Public Financial Procedures
- monitoring and analysing expenditure against agreed budgets and reporting as required to the
 Department of Public Expenditure and Reform and the Management Team
- preparing accounts at the end of each financial year for audit by the Comptroller and Auditor General
- reimbursement of expenses incurred by staff in the course of official business
- providing management information on the Office's finances to the Management Team and line management on a regular basis
- providing high quality customer service to internal and external clients while dealing with enquiries, providing guidance and advice where required

As part of the Government's Reform Agenda a new Finance Shared Service Centre (FSSC) is being established. This will provide a financial management and reporting system for 48 Government organisations, however, the role of the Finance Unit as set out will essentially remain the same.

The Ombudsman's Office is in Wave 1 of the project, which is due to commence in September 2019. The project will be quite onerous in terms of preparation as the new system is radically different from the current model. With this in mind the Finance Unit is liaising with DPER regarding the transition to the new system.

Risk Management

The Office's Risk Management policy provides the mechanisms to identify, prioritise and rank corporate risks and ensure that the appropriate mitigation actions are implemented to address these risks. The main responsibility for identifying corporate risks lies with the Management Team. Its members are well placed to identify and monitor corporate risks. Other groups within the Office (e.g. the Audit and Risk Committee, Corporate Services Unit, Operations Review Group) also have a role in contributing to the risk management process.

The Director General has overall responsibility for the management of the risk process. The Office maintains a Risk Register, which is updated quarterly and reviewed in full bi-annually by the Management Team. A quarterly Risk Report is also prepared for the Audit and Risk Committee, which identifies any changes to the Risk Register and summarises risk themes during the quarter in question. The Register also captures any risk incidents that occur, which can then be linked to either new or existing risk entries. The Register allows users to prepare reports, which list the risks that they are responsible for managing, the cause and impact of those risks, the mitigations either already in place or to be undertaken and the timescale for implementation of those mitigations.

Proposals for new projects incorporate a risk assessment exercise, which is considered by the appropriate Project Lead and/or the Management Team where necessary. These new risks are added to the Risk Register on an ongoing basis.

A statement of internal financial control is prepared annually for the appropriation account statement. This reflects the Governance arrangements and is signed off by the Management Team at the Management Team meeting, usually in early February.

Public Procurement

One of the key objectives of the Office's Procurement Policy is to ensure that our procurement activities are managed in an open, transparent and non-discriminatory manner with the highest levels of compliance, probity and risk-awareness. Contracting authorities must be cost effective and efficient in the use of resources while upholding the highest standards of probity and integrity. Procurement practices are subject to audit and scrutiny under the Comptroller and Auditor General (Amendment) Act 1993 and Accounting Officers are publicly accountable for expenditure incurred.

This Office is committed to ensuring that there is an appropriate focus on good practice in purchasing and that procedures are in place to ensure compliance with all relevant guidelines. The Procurement Policy complements the <u>Public Procurement Guidelines</u> published by the <u>Office of Government Procurement</u> and designates the Head of Corporate Services as the Procurement Officer for the Office.

The Finance Unit has overall responsibility for supporting the procurement function within the Office. This Unit is responsible for ensuring that key actions identified in the plan are delivered. Furthermore, while there is an onus on staff members directly involved in procuring goods and services to ensure that all procurements are in keeping with the overall strategic aims of the Office, the Finance Unit will monitor all significant procurements (over €10,000 in value) to determine if that is the case.

While it is appropriate that responsibility for securing certain goods and services rests with the staff members who possess the necessary relevant expertise to determine how best the demand may be met, it is important that those staff members are sufficiently skilled to deliver best procurement practice. Accordingly, the Finance Unit also provides practical procurement advice and guidance where required. The Unit ensures that all staff members involved in the procurement function are aware of the Office's internal procurement policy and are kept up to date with regard to procurement best practice.

Procurement framework agreements provide for efficiencies in the procurement process while achieving value for money, based on competitive tendering. In accordance with the provisions of Department of Public Expenditure and Reform Circular 06/12 (Public Procurement (Framework

Agreements) and Circular 16/13 (Revision of arrangements concerning the use of Central Contracts put in place by the National Procurement Service), framework agreements must be used in respect of certain goods and services, where in place. The Finance Unit ensures that staff members involved in the procurement function are aware of the existence of current framework agreements for relevant goods and services. The use of existing framework agreements is considered in the first instance when any significant procurement is being considered.

ICT Procurement

The ICT Unit ensures that all ICT procurement is in accordance with the provisions of <u>Circular 02/09</u> (<u>Arrangements for ICT Expenditure in the Civil and Public Service</u>) and <u>Circular 02/11</u> (<u>Additional Arrangements for ICT Expenditure in the Civil and Public Service</u>) and avails of all <u>central procurement frameworks</u> where possible.

Value for Money Principles

While price is a significant factor in determining value for money in procurement, it is not the only variable that needs to be considered. Value for money also encompasses non-cost factors, such as whether the purchase is fit for the intended purpose, whether it is of sufficient quality and whether the level of service or support provided meets the organisation's requirements. Accordingly, when purchasing goods or services staff members adhere to the following principles:

- Challenge whether or not goods / services to be procured are required at all
- Ensure that the procurement is in keeping with the organisation's strategic aims
- Be clear about what the organisation wishes to procure
- Allow sufficient time for the procurement
- Consider if suitable alternatives would meet requirements of procurement
- Comply with the general and organisational procedures and guidelines for procurement

Appendix 1

Detailed Management Team Structure

